

| English Themes | Spelling | Grammar / sentence structure | Composition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Story writing skills <br> Witness reports <br> Diaries/journals <br> Book study <br> Information <br> report | Pluralisation <br> Prefixes and <br> Suffixes <br> Irregular <br> tense <br> changes <br> homophones | Adverbial phrases and fronted adverbials. <br> Further work on joining clauses with conjunctions and commas <br> Further development of word classes - adverbs, adjectives, nouns, verbs, pronouns, determiners, modal verbs <br> Prepositions <br> Different ways of starting sentences | In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot <br> In non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example, headings and subheadings] <br> Creating and linking paragraphs <br> Powerful verbs <br> Developing vocabulary |

## HISTDRY

185। The arrival of the railway
Meldreth in Victorian and
Edwardian times
Meldreth up to World War I
Study of local building styles
Exploration of local history stories and census reports.
Early days of the school.


## PE

Gymnastics Dance
Invasion games - hockey

## MUSIC

Whole class recorder lessons

RE<br>Christianity - our<br>Church - Easter

## SCIENCE

Earth in Space
Changes in materials

## PSHCE

Healthy and Safer Lifestyles Myself and My relationships
Conflict Resolution

## ART/DET

Toys with cams
Textiles Looking at work of LS Lowry

## COMPUTING

Programming - making a maths quiz
Film making - animations

MEL
Spanish

## Maths Year 5 - by the end of the year all pupils should...

|  | I. Read, write, order \& compare numbers to at least I 000000 and determine the value of each digit. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 2. Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000 . Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest $10,100,1000,10000$ and 100000 |
|  | 3. Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero. |
|  | 4. Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. |
|  | 5. Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). |
|  | 6. Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. Use rounding to check answers to calculations and levels of accuracy. |
|  | 7. Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. |
|  | 8. Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. |
|  | 9. Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 . |
|  | 10. Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a I - or 2-digit number using a formal written method. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a I-digit number using the formal written method of short division. |
|  | II. Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000. |
|  | 12. Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared and cubed. |
| - | 13. Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number. |
|  | I4. Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths. |
|  | 15. Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > I as a mixed number. |
|  | 16. Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. |
|  | 17. Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place. Read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. $0.72={ }^{72} / 100$ ). |
|  | 18. Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. |
|  | 19. Write percentages as a fraction. Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5,2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 . |
| ¢ | 20. Convert between different units of metric measure (e.g. $\mathrm{km} \mathrm{\&} \mathrm{m} ; \mathrm{cm} \mathrm{\&} \mathrm{m;} \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{\&} \mathrm{mm;} \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{\&} \mathrm{kg;} \mathrm{l} \mathrm{\&} \mathrm{ml)}$. Use approx. equivalences between metric and imperial units (e.g. inches, pounds \& pints). |
|  | 21. Measure \& calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{m}$. Calculate the area of squares/rectangles using standard units, square $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{m}$ and estimate the area of irregular shapes. |
|  | 22. Estimate volume (e.g. using I cm blocks to build cubes/cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water). |
|  | 23. Solve probs involving converting between units of time. Use all four operations to solve probs involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling. |
| ??E0U | 24. Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations. |
|  | 25. Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees. |
|  | 26. Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ); angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ); other multiples of $90^{\circ}$. |
|  | 27. Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. |
|  | 28. Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. |
| 5 | 29. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph. |
|  | 30. Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. |

